Pares Advogados

OCTOBER 2018

AMENDMENT TO THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK REGULATING THE EXPLOITATION OF

LOCAL ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS

LAW 62/2018 OF 22 AUGUST

Law 62/2018 of 22 August (which will come into force on the 21st October 2018)

introduced several changes to the legal document regulating the exploitation of local

accommodation establishments - Decree Law 39/2008 of 7 March -, aiming at

halting the exponential increase of such establishments and at countering some of

the pernicious consequences with which it has been associated.

Generally, Law 62/2008 introduced obligations to those who already take advantage

of this business, simultaneously granting condominiums and municipalities the

authority to limit the expansion of new establishments.

The main changes introduced by Law 62/2008 are as follows:

MUNICIPALITIES

Municipalities are granted the power to approve, by regulation and reasoned

deliberation, containment areas by parish, enabling the potential enforcement of

limits regarding the number of local accommodation establishments.

In the abovementioned containment areas, a single landlord can only exploit a

maximum of seven local accommodation establishments, this being a quantitative

restriction which did not exist beforehand.

Until the entry into force of the regulation referred above, the municipal assemblies

may still, through reasoned decision, taken after proposal of the city halls, suspend

the authorization of new registries, for the maximum of one year, in the defined

containment areas.

Pares Advogados

The Lisbon City Hall has already announced its intention to propose the suspension of new registries in the following neighborhoods: Castelo, Mouraria, Alfama, Bairro

Alto and Madragoa, which is waiting approval by the Lisbon municipal assembly.

Additionally, through sustained deliberation of the municipal assemblies, adopted

following the proposal of the municipalities, the granting of new registrations can be

suspended for a period of no more than one year, in the containment areas

specifically delimited.

The new registration of local accommodation establishments is effected, on a

deadline, upon prior notification addressed to the Mayor who can issue grounded

opposition to the registration.

The Mayor can, additionally, order the **cancelling** of the establishment's registration

in the cases referred to in Article 9 of Decree-Law 39/2008.

CONDOMINIUMS

The tenants' assembly can, by decision of more than half of the building, expressed in

parts per thousand, through reasoned deliberation arising from continued and

demonstrated practice of acts that disturb the normal use of the building, as well as

from acts that cause a nuisance and impair the tenants' rest, oppose to the

development of the local establishment activity and propose to the Mayor

with local jurisdiction the cancellation of the local accommodation registration.

Regarding **hostels**, the prior notice on a deadline (concerning the new registration)

shall, necessarily, be accompanied of the minute of tenants' assembly authorizing its

establishment.

The condominium can, as well, determine the payment of an additional

contribution by tenants who own local accommodation establishments, with a

maximum limitation of 30% of their respective annual share, resulting from the

increased usage of the common areas.

Pares Advogados

LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES CAUSED TO THE BUILDING

Joint liability: The owner of the local accommodation establishment is jointly responsible, with the guests, for damages caused, by the latter, to the building in

which the establishment is located.

Multi-risk insurance: The owner of the local accommodation establishment must

take and ensure the validity of a multi-risk insurance against civil liability which

specifically covers fire hazard and damages to property and personal injuries caused

to guests and third parties, in the context of the activity of the local accommodation

establishment.

INFORMATION BOOK

Local accommodation establishments must have an information book, detailing the

establishment's operation and its internal rules and presented in four languages, two

of which are necessarily Portuguese and English.

The display of a plaque identifying the local accommodation establishment becomes

compulsory as well.

INCREASE ON THE AMOUNT OF FINES

The amount of fines was increased from 3,740.98€ to 4,000.00€, in the case of

natural persons, and from 35,000€ to 40,000€ in the case of legal persons,

specifically when the local accommodation establishment is not registered, the

registration is not up to date or when the provisions regarding the maximum capacity

of the establishment have not been complied with.

APPLICABILITY

Some of the above-mentioned provisions will not have immediate applicability,

having a two-year deadline been granted so that owners of already existing local

accommodation establishments take multi-risks insurance, place identifying plaques



and/or take on the obligation to pay an additional contribution to the condominium's share, to a maximum of 30%.

Rui Rompante

Maria Marreiros

rr@paresadvogados.com

mm@paresadvogados.com

This Information Note is intended for clients and lawyers, shall not constitute publicity and its copying, circulation or any other form of reproduction are prohibited without the express authorization by its authors. The information provided is of general scope and does not preclude seeking legal advice prior to any decision regarding the matter at hand. For further clarifications please contact **Rui Rompante** (rr@paresadvogados.com) or **Maria Marreiros** (mr@paresadvogados.com).